THE TOWNSHIP OF ASSIGINACK

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended December 31, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack ("the Township") are the responsibility of the Township's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to these consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Township's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

Council meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Freelandt Caldwell Reilly LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Township. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Township's consolidated financial statements.

| Mayor | Treasurer |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| <u>July 8, 2020</u> Date | |



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of The Township of Assiginack

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the **Corporation of the Township of Assiginack**, which comprise the statement of consolidated financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the consolidated statements of operations and changes in accumulated surplus, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the **Corporation of the Township of Assiginack** as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Freekonit Caldwell Rully LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Financial Assets | | |
| Cash | 3,396,303 | 2,493,254 |
| Term deposits | 40,718 | 38,463 |
| Taxes receivable (note 2) | 476,370 | 463,321 |
| User charges receivable | 504,364 | 547,771 |
| Grants receivable | - | 60,529 |
| Other accounts receivable | 81,271 | 82,267 |
| Investment in government business enterprise (note 3) | 253,659 | 296,598 |
| | 4,752,685 | 3,982,203 |
| Financial Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 344,809 | 447,041 |
| Deferred revenue | 54,088 | 49,902 |
| Deferred revenue - obligatory funds (note 4) | 145,419 | 38,959 |
| Long-term debt (note 5) | 1,402,553 | 1,492,566 |
| Obligations under capital lease (note 6) | 110,746 | 134,932 |
| Landfill closure and post-closure liability (note 7) | 372,577 | 266,480 |
| | 2,430,192 | 2,429,880 |
| Net Assets (note 8) | 2,322,493 | 1,552,323 |
| Non-financial Assets (note 9) | | |
| Tangible capital assets (note 10) | 16,123,849 | 16,395,140 |
| Prepaid expenses | 24,767 | 28,672 |
| | 16,148,616 | 16,423,812 |
| Accumulated Surplus | 18,471,109 | 17,976,135 |

Contingent liabilities (note 15)

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ASSIGINACK Consolidated Statement of Operations and Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | Budget \$ | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|
| Revenues | | | |
| Taxation | | | |
| Residential and farm | | 2,904,350 | 2,813,963 |
| Commercial, industrial and business | | 134,695 | 132,902 |
| Other governments and agencies | | 16,193 | 16,341 |
| | 3,089,152 | 3,055,238 | 2,963,206 |
| Deduct: | | | |
| Amounts raised on behalf of the school boards | 350,946 | 335,059 | 341,675 |
| | 2,738,206 | 2,720,179 | 2,621,531 |
| Government Transfers | | | |
| Government of Canada | 78,421 | 32,156 | 120,324 |
| Province of Ontario | 1,189,832 | 1,530,311 | 1,151,450 |
| Other municipalities | | - - | 1,653 |
| • | 1,268,253 | 1,562,467 | 1,273,427 |
| User Charges | | | |
| Sewer and water charges | 503,474 | 453,361 | 431,839 |
| Fees and service charges | 106,550 | 255,542 | 243,387 |
| | 610,024 | 708,903 | 675,226 |
| Other | | | |
| Licences and permits | 12,400 | 22,347 | 23,862 |
| Investment income | 30,000 | 57,157 | 36,906 |
| Penalties and interest charges | 65,000 | 58,552 | 73,365 |
| Rents and other | 55,525 | 117,587 | 68,256 |
| | 162,925 | 255,643 | 202,389 |
| Total Revenues | 4,779,408 | 5,247,192 | 4,772,573 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| General government | 850,562 | 789,038 | 912,038 |
| Protection to persons and property | 412,797 | 403,558 | 532,489 |
| Transportation services | 984,303 | 1,092,836 | 1,011,922 |
| Environmental services | 492,874 | 1,061,276 | 873,327 |
| Health services | 244,787 | 297,559 | 298,028 |
| Social and family services | 176,248 | 645,952 | 616,885 |
| Recreation and cultural services | 211,105 | 361,150 | 362,564 |
| Planning and development | 40,420 | 57,910 | 70,872 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,413,096 | 4,709,279 | 4,678,125 |
| Annual Surplus before undernoted item | 1,366,312 | 537,913 | 94,448 |
| Loss from investment in government | • | | • |
| business enterprise (note 3) | - | (42,939) | (38,368) |
| Annual Surplus | 1,366,312 | 494,974 | 56,080 |
| Accumulated Surplus, beginning of year | 17,976,135 | 17,976,135 | 17,920,055 |
| Accumulated Surplus, end of year | 19,342,447 | 18,471,109 | 17,976,135 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | Budget \$ | 2019 Actual \$ | 2018 Actual \$ |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Annual Surplus | 1,366,312 | 494,974 | 56,080 |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in prepaid expenses | (996,466) - - - | (398,820) 670,111 - 3,905 | (255,747) 674,422 22,974 6,080 |
| Change in net assets | 369,846 | 770,170 | 503,809 |
| Net Assets, beginning of year | 1,552,323 | 1,552,323 | 1,048,514 |
| Net Assets, end of year | 1,922,169 | 2,322,493 | 1,552,323 |

Consolidated Statement of Cashflows

Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cash flows from operations | | |
| Annual Surplus | 494,974 | 56,080 |
| Items not involving cash | | |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets | 670,111 | 674,422 |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | - | 22,974 |
| Decrease in investment in government business enterprise | 42,939 | 38,368 |
| Landfill site closure and post-closure liability | 106,097 | 6,133 |
| | 1,314,121 | 797,977 |
| Changes in non-cash operating assets and liabilities | | |
| Taxes receivable | (13,049) | (33,046) |
| User charges receivable | 43,407 | 101,034 |
| Grants receivable | 60,529 | (31,572) |
| Other accounts receivable | 996 | 6,434 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (102,232) | 32,627 |
| Deferred revenue | 4,186 | 42,798 |
| Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds | 106,460 | 17,933 |
| Prepaid expenses | 3,905 | 6,080 |
| | 1,418,323 | 940,265 |
| Capital transactions | | |
| Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets | (398,820) | (255,747) |
| Investing transactions | | |
| Change in term deposits | (2,255) | 4,050 |
| Financing transactions | | |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (90,013) | (95,364) |
| Repayment of obligations under capital lease | (24,186) | (22,928) |
| | (114,199) | (118,292) |
| Increase in cash | 903,049 | 570,276 |
| Cash, beginning of year | 2,493,254 | 1,922,978 |
| Cash, end of year | 3,396,303 | 2,493,254 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Township are the representation of management. The financial statements are prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Township are as follows:

a) Basis of Consolidation

i) Local Boards

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Township and include the activities of all committees of Council and the following local boards which are under the control of Council:

Assiginack Library Board Assiginack Museum Board Hilly Grove Cemetery Board

ii) Joint Local Boards

These consolidated financial statements reflect contributions to the following joint local boards, which are not under the direct control of council, as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations:

Sudbury and District Health Unit Manitoulin-Sudbury District Services Board

The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the joint local boards have not been proportionally consolidated in these financial statements.

iii) Proportionally Consolidated Entities

These consolidated statements reflect proportionally the Township's share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the following joint local boards:

Manitoulin Centennial Manor Manitoulin Planning Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

iv) Investment in Government Business Enterprise

The Manitoulin East Municipal Airport Commission Inc. is a government business enterprise and is accounted for using the modified equity method. Each year the Township's share of income from government business enterprise is recognized in the consolidated financial statements and the investment in the government business enterprise is adjusted to reflect the change in equity occurring during the year.

v) Accounting for School Board Transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

vi) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Township are not consolidated, but are reported separately on the Trust Funds financial statements.

b) Basis of Accounting

i) Accrual Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

ii) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. The Township provides for amortization using the straight-line method designed to amortize the cost, less any residual value, of the tangible capital assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rates are as follows:

| | Years |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 20-60 |
| Roads and bridges | 20-40 |
| Automotive equipment | 10-25 |
| Furniture and equipment | 5 |
| Water and sewer | 5-80 |

Additions are amortized at one half of the annual rate in the year of acquisition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

iii) Leases

Leases are classified as either capital or operating leases. Leases that transfer substantially all of the benefits and inherent risks of ownership of property to the Township are accounted for as capital leases. At the time a capital lease is entered into, a tangible capital asset is recorded together with its related capital lease obligation to reflect the acquisition and financing. Tangible capital assets recorded under capital leases are amortized on the same basis as described above. Payments under operating leases are expensed as incurred.

iv) Revenue Recognition

Property tax billings are prepared by the Township based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation. Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the Township is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes.

A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessments. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Township determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Supplementary taxation revenues are recorded at the time these bills are issued.

Assessments and related property taxes are subject to appeal by ratepayers. Tax adjustments as a result of appeals are recorded when the result of the appeal is known.

The Township is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the accounts in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

Government transfers are recognized in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer have occurred as long as: the transfer is authorized; the eligibility criteria, if any, have been met; and, the amount can be reasonably estimated. Government transfers received before these criteria have been met are recorded in the accounts as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue in the period in which all of these criteria are met.

Revenue from user charges and rents are recognized in the period in which the goods or services are provided

v) Deferred Revenue – Obligatory Reserve Funds

The Township receives certain contributions under the authority of federal and provincial legislation. These contributions are restricted in their use and, until spent on qualifying projects or expenses, are recorded as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

vi) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty. The effect of changes in such estimates on the financial statements in future periods could be significant. Accounts specifically affected by estimates in these consolidated financial statements include the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets and estimated landfill site closure and post-closure liability.

vii) Financial Instruments

The Township initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Township subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations in the period they occur.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits, taxes receivable, user charges receivable, grants receivable and other account receivables.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt and obligations under capital lease.

2. TAXES RECEIVABLE

The components of taxes receivable are as follows:

| | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| | | |
| Taxes receivable | 467,650 | 455,445 |
| Interest receivable on outstanding tax balances | 33,720 | 32,876 |
| Allowance for uncollectible amounts | (25,000) | (25,000) |
| | 476,370 | 463,321 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

3. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

The Manitoulin East Municipal Airport Commission Inc. is 1/3 owned by the Township. As this corporation is a business enterprise, it is accounted for using the modified equity method, as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Long-term investment, beginning of year | 296,598 | 334,966 |
| The Township's share of operating loss for the year | (42,939) | (38,368) |
| Long-term investment, end of year | 253,659 | 296,598 |

The loss is included in Other revenues, Rents and other on the consolidated statements of operations.

Condensed supplementary financial information on the Airport is as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Financial Position | | |
| Financial assets | 205,235 | 130,191 |
| Financial liabilities | 195,274 | 110,674 |
| Net assets | 9,961 | 19,517 |
| Non-Financial Assets | | |
| Tangible capital assets | 712,363 | 834,166 |
| Inventory and prepaid expenses | 38,656 | 36,110 |
| | 751,019 | 870,276 |
| Accumulated surplus | 760,980 | 889,793 |
| Results of Operations | | |
| Revenue | 195,473 | 187,015 |
| Expenses | 324,286 | 302,119 |
| Net income (loss) | (128,813) | (115,104) |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

4. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of Canadian public sector accounting standards is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as legislation and external agreements restrict how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserves funds of the Township are summarized below:

| | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| | | |
| Deferred revenue, beginning of year | 38,959 | 21,026 |
| Contributions received during the year | 123,754 | 61,154 |
| Interest earned | 1,602 | 414 |
| Amounts recognized as revenue during year | (18,896) | (43,635) |
| Deferred revenue, end of year | 145,419 | 38,959 |
| Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve consists of the following: | | |
| Federal gas tax revenue | 145,419 | 38,959 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

| | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| | Ψ | Ψ |
| BMO Bank of Montreal demand term loan, repayable in monthly instalments of \$4,517 plus interest at the bank's prime rate of interest per annum, unsecured, maturing May 2020 | 736,262 | 790,463 |
| BMO Bank of Montreal demand term loan, repayable in monthly instalments of \$1,701, plus interest at the bank's prime rate of interest per annum, unsecured, maturing June 2020 | 315,500 | 335,908 |
| BMO Bank of Montreal demand term loan, repayable in monthly instalments of \$2,078, including interest at the bank's prime rate of interest per annum, unsecured, maturing February 2026 | 333,048 | 344,578 |
| Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs tile drainage loan, repayable in annual instalments of \$3,872, including interest at 6.0% per annum, unsecured, maturing | | |
| January 2026 | 17,743 | 21,617 |
| | 1,402,553 | 1,492,566 |

Principal payments on the long-term debt over the next 5 years, are payable as follows:

| 2020 | 89,182 |
|------------|-----------|
| 2021 | 89,818 |
| 2022 | 90,484 |
| 2023 | 91,179 |
| 2024 | 91,906 |
| Thereafter | 949,984 |
| | 1,402,553 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

| (| ODITO | TIONS | IINDED | CAPITAL | TEACE |
|----|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------|
| D. | OBLACE | i ions | UNDER | CAPITAL | LEASE |

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Travelers Leasing Ltd. capital lease, repayable in monthly | | |
| instalments of \$2,568 including interest at a rate of 5.25% per | | |
| annum, secured by a specific vehicle with a carrying value of | | |
| \$164,726, maturing December 2023 | 110,746 | 134,932 |

The cost and net book value of automotive equipment under capital lease is \$219,635 and \$164,726 respectively.

Principal payments in the next 5 years are as follows:

| 2020 | 25,511 |
|------|---------|
| 2021 | 26,909 |
| 2022 | 28,384 |
| 2023 | 29,942 |
| | 110,746 |

7. LANDFILL SITE CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

Under the environment law in the province of Ontario, there is a requirement for the Township to provide for closure and post-closure care of all active and inactive solid waste landfill sites. Accounting standards require that the costs associated with this requirement are provided for in the accounts over the service life of the landfill site based on its usage on a volumetric basis. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions regarding future events using the best information available to management. Actual results will vary from the estimated amounts and the change in the estimate will be recognized on a prospective basis as a change in accounting estimate in the year the change is determined.

The liability for closure and post-closure care represents the discounted future cash flows of estimated closure and post-closure care costs using the following rates and assumptions:

| Remaining capacity | 25,000 m ³ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Remaining life | 25 years |
| Closure and acquisition costs | \$600,000 |
| Monitoring period post-closure | 25 years |
| Annual monitoring costs | \$10,000 |
| Total estimated liability | \$647,339 |
| Current estimated liability | \$372,577 |
| Amount remaining to be recognized | \$274,762 |

Future cash flows have been discounted using a long-term interest rate of 4% and an estimated inflation rate of 3%.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

8. NET ASSETS (DEBT)

The balance on the consolidated statement of financial position of net assets from at the end of the year is comprised of the following:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| To be used: | | |
| - for the general increase in taxation and user charges | (3,346,971) | (3,335,321) |
| - to be recovered from tax and user charges for the | | |
| repayment of long-debt and landfill liability | 1,885,876 | 1,893,978 |
| - for the general operations of joint and local boards | 296,200 | 331,799 |
| - for reserves and reserve funds | 3,487,388 | 2,661,867 |
| | 2,322,493 | 1,552,323 |

9. NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Tangible capital assets and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the Township because they can be used to provide services to residents and ratepayers of the Township in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the Township unless they are sold.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

| | Land \$ | Land Improvements | Buildings \$ | Roads and Bridges \$ | Automotive Equipment | Furniture and Equipment \$ | Water Treatment and Sewer | 2019 Total \$ |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost Balance, beginning of year Additions Disposals | 916,697 | - 64,985 - | 10,120,272 28,999 - | 7,117,078 - - | 1,605,719 57,148 | 3,758 | 10,154,725 247,688 | 29,918,249 398,820 - |
| Balance, end of year | 916,697 | 64,985 | 10,149,271 | 7,117,078 | 1,662,867 | 3,758 | 10,402,413 | 30,317,069 |
| Accumulated Amortization Balance, beginning of year Disposals | - | - | 2,993,879 | 4,572,631 | 1,238,583 | 3,205 | 4,714,811 | 13,523,109 |
| Amortization expense | _ | 889 | 193,075 | 126,971 | 66,602 | 335 | 282,239 | 670,111 |
| Balance, end of year | - | 889 | 3,186,954 | 4,699,602 | 1,305,185 | 3,540 | 4,997,050 | 14,193,220 |
| Net book value | 916,697 | 64,096 | 6,962,317 | 2,417,476 | 357,682 | 218 | 5,405,363 | 16,123,849 |
| | Land \$ | \$ | Buildings \$ | Roads and Bridges \$ | Automotive Equipment | Furniture and Equipment \$ | Water Treatment and Sewer \$ | 2018 Total \$ |
| Cost Balance, beginning of year Additions Disposals | 916,697 - - | - - - | 10,143,246 - (22,974) | 7,117,078 - - | 1,605,719 - - | 3,622 136 | 9,899,114 255,611 | 29,685,476 255,747 (22,974) |
| Balance, end of year | 916,697 | - | 10,120,272 | 7,117,078 | 1,605,719 | 3,758 | 10,154,725 | 29,918,249 |
| Accumulated Amortization Balance, beginning of year Disposals Amortization expense | - - - | - - - | 2,802,254 - 191,625 | 4,443,195 - 129,436 | 1,146,086 - 92,497 | 2,414 - 791 | 4,454,738 | 12,848,687 - 674,422 |
| Balance, end of year Net book value | 916,697 | - | 2,993,879 7,126,393 | 4,572,631 2,544,447 | 1,238,583 367,136 | 3,205 553 | 4,714,811 5,439,914 | 13,523,109 16,395,140 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

11. CONTRIBUTIONS TO NON-CONSOLIDATED JOINT LOCAL BOARDS

Further to note 1(a) (ii), the following contributions were made by the Township to these joint local boards:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Manitoulin-Sudbury District Services Board | 368,873 | 359,165 |
| Sudbury & District Health Unit | 33,720 | 30,019 |
| | 402,593 | 389,184 |

The Township's share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of these joint local boards are as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | % | % |
| Manitoulin-Sudbury District Services Board | 3.530 | 3.530 |
| Sudbury and District Health Unit | 0.459 | 0.459 |

12. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Township amounting to \$189,503 (2018 - \$186,011) have not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor have their operations been included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Township is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to citizens. Services include water, roads, fire, police, waste management, recreation programs, economic development, land use planning and health and social services. For management reporting purposes, the Government's operations and activities are organized and reported by Fund. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Township services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, and are as follows:

General Government

General government consists of: Office of the Mayor, Council expenses, administrative services (including clerks, elections, communications, legal and information technology services), human resources and financial departments. Areas within the general government respond to the needs of external and internal clients by providing high quality, supportive and responsive services. This area supports the operating departments in implementing priorities of Council and provides strategic leadership on issues, relating to governance, strategic planning and service delivery.

Protection Services

This section consists of fire, police, and animal control, building services, emergency measures and management of Provincial Offences Act. Police services ensure the safety of the lives and property of citizens; preserve peace and order; prevent crimes from occurring, detect offenders and enforce the law. Fire Services is responsible to provide fire suppression service; fire prevention programs, training and education related to prevention, detection and extinguishment of fires. The building services division processes permit applications and ensure compliance with the Ontario Building Code and with By-Laws enacted by Council.

Transportation Services

This area is responsible for management of roadways including bridges, traffic and winter control.

Environmental Services

In addition to the management of waterworks, this area is responsible for waste collection, waste disposal and recycling facilities and programs. This section is responsible for providing clean, potable water meeting all regulatory requirements and responsible for repairing breaks and leaks in the water system.

Health and Social Services

This section consists of assistance to aged persons, cemetery services as well as the Township's contribution to the Sudbury and District Health Unit and Manitoulin-Sudbury District Services Board.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE (continued)

Recreation and Cultural Services

This section provides public services that contribute to neighbourhood development and sustainability through the provision of recreation and leisure service and provides management of arenas and leisure facilities. This section also contributes to the information needs of the Township's citizens through the provision of library and cultural services and by preserving local history and managing archived data.

Planning and Development

The goal of this section is to offer coordinated development services in order to maximize economic development opportunities, and to ensure that the Township is planned and developed in accordance with the Ontario Planning Act, Provincial policies and good planning principles.

Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE (continued)

| | General Protection Transportation E Government Services Services \$ \$ \$ | | Environmental Services \$ | Health and Social Services \$ | Recreation and Cultural Services \$ | Planning and Development \$ | 2019 Total \$ | 2018 Total \$ | |
|---|---|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxation | 2,720,179 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,720,179 | 2,621,531 |
| Grants | 1,036,100 | 1,926 | 4,201 | 150,946 | 317,686 | 38,705 | 12,903 | 1,562,467 | 1,273,427 |
| User fees and service charges | 27,067 | 2,724 | - | 453,841 | 177,438 | 40,038 | 7,795 | 708,903 | 675,226 |
| Other | 159,666 | 20,312 | 3,895 | 11,393 | 441 | 57,718 | 2,218 | 255,643 | 202,389 |
| | 3,943,012 | 24,962 | 8,096 | 616,180 | 495,565 | 136,461 | 22,916 | 5,247,192 | 4,772,573 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | 406,983 | 55,436 | 328,819 | 38,807 | 12,358 | 126,179 | 19,440 | 988,022 | 993,118 |
| Purchase of goods and materials | 286,887 | 39,218 | 534,974 | 483,358 | 524,283 | 144,928 | 38,135 | 2,051,783 | 2,036,604 |
| Contracts and services | 41,565 | 283,734 | - | 162,492 | - | - | - | 487,791 | 476,306 |
| Amortization | 26,543 | 25,170 | 191,473 | 346,399 | 4,277 | 75,914 | 335 | 670,111 | 674,422 |
| Financial expenses | 13,411 | - | - | - | - | 1,200 | - | 14,611 | 13,552 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 13,649 | - | 7,171 | 30,220 | - | 12,929 | - | 63,969 | 64,540 |
| Other transfers | - | - | 30,399 | - | 402,593 | - | - | 432,992 | 419,583 |
| | 789,038 | 403,558 | 1,092,836 | 1,061,276 | 943,511 | 361,150 | 57,910 | 4,709,279 | 4,678,125 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 3,153,974 | (378,596) | (1,084,740) | (445,096) | (447,946) | (224,689) | (34,994) | 537,913 | 94,448 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

14. PENSION PLAN

The Township makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of eight members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2019 was \$54,411 (2018 - \$54,997) for current service and is included as an expenditure on the consolidated statement of operations.

At December 31, 2019, the OMERS pension plan had total assets of \$109.4 billion (2018 - \$111.8 billion) and an accumulated deficit of \$1.53 billion (2018 – \$2.64 billion surplus).

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Township receives transfers from the governments of Canada and Ontario. Some government transfers are subject to audit by the transferring government with adjustments, if any, repayable to the transferring government. Audit adjustments, if any, are recorded in the accounts in the year in which they become known.

16. COMMITMENT

The Township has entered into a management services agreement with the Ontario Clean Water Agency (OCWA) to operate and maintain the Town's water treatment plant and distribution system. The agreement is for a ten-year period ending December 31, 2027. Required payments in each of the next five years are as follows:

| | \$ |
|------|---------|
| 2020 | 225,611 |
| 2021 | 230,533 |
| 2022 | 234,479 |
| 2023 | 238,518 |
| 2024 | 242,653 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

17. BUDGET

The budget adopted by Council was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results in these consolidated financial statements. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian public-sector accounting standards require the full accrual basis. The budget figures include a transfer of the anticipated annual surplus to reserves. In addition, the budget expenses all tangible capital acquisitions and does not include a provision for amortization expense. As a result, the budget figures presented in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in accumulated surplus represent the budget adopted by Council, adjusted as follows:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Budget surplus approved by Council | - | - |
| Less: Budgeted transfers to (from) reserves and reserve funds | 369,846 | (487,663) |
| Add: Budgeted tangible capital asset additions | 996,466 | 1,533,922 |
| Budget surplus per consolidated financial statements | 1,366,312 | 1,046,259 |

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party financial risk. The Township is exposed to the following risks associated with financial instruments and transactions it is a party to:

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Township is exposed to this risk relating to its cash, term deposits and various accounts receivable accounts.

The Township holds its cash accounts with large reputable financial institutions, from which management believes the risk of loss due to credit risk to be remote.

The Township is exposed to credit risk in accounts receivable which includes rate payers, government and other receivables. The Township measures its exposure to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable based on how long the amounts have been outstanding and management's analysis of accounts. Risk is minimized through managements' ongoing analysis and monitoring of outstanding accounts receivable balances and collections.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2019

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity cannot repay its obligations when they become due to its creditors. The Township is exposed to this risk relating to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Township reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflow through extensive budgeting and maintaining enough cash to repay creditors, including long-term debt and capital lease obligation principle and interest, as those liabilities become due.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Township is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its bank credit facilities.

The Township has minimal interest rate exposure on its bank credit facilities, which are variable based on the bank's prime rates. Interest expense incurred on the credit facilities is \$63,969 (2018 - \$64,540).

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the COVID-19 global outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The negative impact of COVID-19 in Canada and on the global economy has been significant. The global pandemic has disrupted economic activities and supply chains resulting in governments worldwide, and in Canada, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus and protect the economy.

These financial statements have been prepared based upon conditions existing at December 31, 2019 and considering those events occurring subsequent to that date, that provide evidence of conditions that existed at that date. As the outbreak of COVID-19 occurred after December 31, 2019, its impact is considered an event that is indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period and accordingly, no adjustments have been made to these financial statements for the impacts of COVID-19.

Although the disruption from the pandemic is expected to be temporary, given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration and severity of the disruption and related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Township's ability to continue to service debt and meet obligations as they come due is dependent on its continued ability to generate cash flows. At this time, the full potential impact of COVID-19 on the Township is not known

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ASSIGINACK Schedule of Continuity of Reserves December 31, 2019

| | Total \$ | Working Fund \$ | Contingencies \$ | Fire Department \$ | Library Board \$ | Water Works System \$ | Emergency \$ | Sunsite Water \$ | Marina Docks \$ | Legal Fees \$ | Marina Beach Stairs Gas Pumps \$ | Parklands \$ | Elections \$ | BWT Concert Series \$ | Planning \$ | Water Main \$ | Post Office Building \$ | DSSAB \$ | BWT Renovation \$ |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| RESERVES | 2 ((1 9(7 | (12.290 | 06 172 | 225.277 | 2 (92 | 204 227 | 200 | 127, 902 | 20 152 | 05 411 | 25,000 | 70 771 | 1 222 | | 8 000 | 10.000 | (0.075 | (249 | (200 |
| Balance, beginning of year | 2,661,867 | 613,389 | 96,172 | 335,367 | 2,683 | 304,337 | 200 | 136,802 | 30,152 | 95,411 | 25,098 | 78,771 | 1,223 | - | 8,000 | 10,000 | 60,075 | 6,248 | 6,290 |
| Appropriations from operations Transfers | 1,043,259 | 382,038 | 6,472 | 39,527 | | 42,906 | | 17,079 | 11,019 | 13,495 | | | 1,491 | 329,397 | | | 9,901 | | 2,165 |
| Appropriations to operations | (217,738) | (142,000) | | | | (42,928) | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | (6,248) |) |
| Balance, end of year | 3,487,388 | 853,427 | 102,644 | 374,894 | 2,683 | 304,315 | 200 | 153,881 | 41,171 | 108,906 | 25,098 | 78,771 | 2,714 | 329,397 | 8,000 | 10,000 | 69,976 | - | 8,455 |
| , | | PEC Events | McLeans Park | Sewer Mains | Landfill / Recycling | Norisle Removal | Public Works | Inactive Cemeteries | Arena | Cenotaph Restoration | IT | Community Access Program | Assiginack Business Association | Fischer Norisle Donations | Fire Hydrants | Library Expansion | Library Building | Medical Clinic | Information Booth |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| RESERVES | | 57,104 | 13,667 | 10,000 | 298,844 | 11,554 | 276,632 | 10,122 | 35,212 | 918 | 5,000 | 1,832 | 1,674 | 1,015 | 27,450 | 6,718 | 48,171 | 36,633 | 9,103 |
| Balance, beginning of year | | 37,104 | 13,007 | 10,000 | 290,044 | 11,334 | 270,032 | 10,122 | 33,212 | 910 | 3,000 | 1,032 | 1,074 | 1,013 | 27,430 | 0,716 | 40,171 | 30,033 | 9,103 |
| Appropriations from operations Transfers | | | | | 7,266 | 4,089 | 115,670 | 1,570 | 24,608 | | 9,745 | 458 | | | | | 13,687 | 10,676 | |
| Appropriations to operations | | | | | (25,806) | | | | | | | | | (756) | | | | | |
| Balance, end of year | | 57,104 | 13,667 | 10,000 | 280,304 | 15,643 | 392,302 | 11,692 | 59,820 | 918 | 14,745 | 2,290 | 1,674 | 259 | 27,450 | 6,718 | 61,858 | 47,309 | 9,103 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the **Trust Funds of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the **Trust Funds of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack** as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance
with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is
necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether
due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

T (705) 869.3351 F (705) 869.4601

Edwin P. Reilly

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Arubanit Caldwell Rilly LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ASSIGINACK TRUST FUNDS Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

| | Hinds | | | Hilly Grove | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| | Sick Room Equipment \$ | Hughson Cemetery \$ | Airport \$ | McLean's Park \$ | Perpetual Care \$ | Hilly Grove Monument \$ | Total \$ |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash | 230 | 15,628 | 57,581 | 9,610 | 72,660 | 22,866 | 178,575 |
| Due from Township | - | - | - | - | 8,966 | 1,962 | 10,928 |
| Net Assets | 230 | 15,628 | 57,581 | 9,610 | 81,626 | 24,828 | 189,503 |

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ASSIGINACK TRUST FUNDS

Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2019

| | Sick Room Equipment \$ | Hinds Hughson Cemetery \$ | Airport \$ | McLean's Park \$ | Hilly Grove Perpetual Care \$ | Hilly Grove Monument \$ | Total \$ |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Net assets, beginning of year | 230 | 15,628 | 57,581 | 9,610 | 78,886 | 24,076 | 186,011 |
| Revenues | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | , | , | |
| Plot sales | - | - | - | _ | 1,500 | 400 | 1,900 |
| Interest income | - | - | - | - | 1,240 | 352 | 1,592 |
| | - | - | - | _ | 2,740 | 752 | 3,492 |
| Expenditures | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net assets, end of year | 230 | 15,628 | 57,581 | 9,610 | 81,626 | 24,828 | 189,503 |

TRUST FUNDS

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack Trust Funds are the representation of management prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards. Since precise determination of assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use careful judgement.

i) Basis of Consolidation

The Trust Funds have not been consolidated with the financial statements of the Township of Assiginack.

ii) Basis of Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable, expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

iii) Financial Instruments

The Trust Funds initially measure its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Trust Funds subsequently measure its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash.

2. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement has not been presented because it would not provide any additional information which is not readily apparent in the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the **Assiginack Public Library Board of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the **Assiginack Public Library Board of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack** as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements
The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance
with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is
necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether
due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Freekondt Caldwell Rully LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

ASSIGINACK PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 | |
|---|--------|--------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Cash | 5,695 | 4,797 | |
| Guaranteed investment certificates | 32,136 | 29,938 | |
| Total Assets being Net Assets (note 2) | 37,831 | 34,735 | |

ASSIGINACK PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures 2018

| | Budget | 2019 (Actual) | 2018 (Actual) | |
|---|--------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Municipal contribution | 41,685 | 41,685 | 41,685 | |
| Province of Ontario contributions | 3,483 | 3,483 | 7,070 | |
| Government of Canada contributions | 1,700 | 1,680 | 1,680 | |
| Donations and miscellaneous | 500 | 900 | 1,590 | |
| Interest and fines | - | 468 | 341 | |
| Total Revenues | 47,368 | 48,216 | 52,366 | |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Wages and employee benefits | 37,632 | 37,490 | 37,016 | |
| Books and other library materials and equipment | 3,003 | 3,524 | 3,268 | |
| Rent | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | |
| Telephone | 900 | 867 | 792 | |
| Membership and conference | 1,200 | 724 | 1,237 | |
| Office supplies | 1,165 | 658 | 5,287 | |
| Miscellaneous | 2,100 | 489 | 1,063 | |
| Insurance | 168 | 168 | 168 | |
| Total Expenditures | 47,368 | 45,120 | 50,031 | |
| Annual surplus | - | 3,096 | 2,335 | |
| Net assets, beginning of year | 34,735 | 34,735 | 32,400 | |
| Net assets, end of year | 34,735 | 37,831 | 34,735 | |

ASSIGINACK PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Assiginack Public Library Board are the representation of management prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards. Since precise determination of assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximation. These have been made using careful judgement.

a) Basis of Accounting

i) Accrual Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes the revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of legal obligation to pay.

ii) Inventories of books and supplies

No value is attached to inventories for municipal reporting purposes. Expenditures on books and supplies are charged to operations as they are incurred.

iii) Financial Instruments

The Board initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Board subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and guaranteed investment certificates.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

ASSIGINACK PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

2. NET ASSETS

The balance on the statement of financial position of net assets at the end of the year is comprised of the following:

| | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | |
| To be used: | | |
| - for the general reduction of user charges | 35,148 | 32,052 |
| | 2,683 | 2,683 |
| | 37,831 | 34,735 |

3. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement has not been presented because it would not provide any additional information which is not readily apparent in the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Township of Assiginack

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Assiginack Museum Board of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Assiginack Museum Board of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

T (705) 869.3351 F3(705) 869.4601

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Frukendt Caldwell Ridly LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

ASSIGINACK MUSEUM BOARD

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 \$ |
|--|--------|------------|
| | \$ | |
| Financial Assets | | |
| Cash | 78,009 | 65,589 |
| Financial Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 66,421 | 54,998 |
| Net assets | 11,588 | 10,591 |

ASSIGINACK MUSEUM BOARD Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 Actual \$ |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| | Actual | |
| | \$ | |
| Revenues | | |
| Municipal grant | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Province of Ontario | 3,382 | 3,382 |
| Admission, sales and other | 4,003 | 3,331 |
| Government of Canada | 1,960 | 1,680 |
| Total Revenues | 29,345 | 28,393 |
| Expenditures | | |
| Wages | 20,453 | 20,616 |
| Utilities | 5,236 | 5,441 |
| Telephone | 1,173 | 1,081 |
| Operating supplies and materials | 702 | 688 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 647 | 1,369 |
| Advertising and memberships | 137 | 150 |
| Total Expenditures | 28,348 | 29,345 |
| Annual surplus (deficit) | 997 | (952) |
| Net assets, beginning of year | 10,591 | 11,543 |
| Net assets, end of year | 11,588 | 10,591 |

ASSIGINACK MUSEUM BOARD

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Assiginack Museum Board are the representation of management prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards. Since precise determination of assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximation. These have been made using careful judgement.

a) Basis of Accounting

i) Accrual Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes the revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of legal obligation to pay.

ii) Financial Instruments

The Board initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Board subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

2. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement has not been presented because it would not provide any additional information which is not readily apparent in the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Hilly Grove Cemetery Board

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Hilly Grove Cemetery Board, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net debt for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the **Hilly Grove Cemetery Board** as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Frehendt Caldwell Rilly LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 \$ |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|
| | \$ | |
| Financial Assets | | |
| Cash | 35,579 | 21,941 |
| Accounts receivable | 134 | 134 |
| Total Assets | 35,713 | 22,075 |
| Financial Liabilities | | |
| Accounts Payable | 1,581 | - |
| Due to Township of Assiginack | 47,795 | 37,497 |
| Due to Perpetual Care Trust | 8,966 | 6,226 |
| Due to Monument Trust | 1,962 | 1,210 |
| Total Liabilities | 60,304 | 44,933 |
| Net Debt | (24,591) | (22,858) |

Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Debt Year Ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 | |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | |
| Revenues | | | |
| Municipal contributions | 9,000 | 9,000 | |
| Plot and monument sales | 6,650 | 14,800 | |
| Opening and closing | 3,450 | 1,800 | |
| Donations | 200 | - | |
| Interest and other | 20 | - | |
| Total Revenues | 19,320 | 25,600 | |
| Expenditures | | | |
| Wages and benefits | 12,095 | 11,426 | |
| Repairs and maintenance | 2,947 | 1,672 | |
| Interment fees | 2,100 | 700 | |
| Plot and monument sales | 1,900 | 5,500 | |
| Miscellaneous | 1,671 | 1,135 | |
| Hydro and fuel | 340 | 292 | |
| Total Expenditures | 21,053 | 20,725 | |
| Annual surplus (deficit) | (1,733) | 4,875 | |
| Net debt, beginning of year | (22,858) | (27,733) | |
| Net debt, end of year | (24,591) | (22,858) | |

Note to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the **Hilly Grove Cemetery Board** are the representation of management prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards. Since precise determination of assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximation. These have been made using careful judgement.

a) Basis of Accounting

i) Accrual Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes the revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of legal obligation to pay.

ii) Financial Instruments

The Board initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Board subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and account receivables.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include amounts due to the Township of Assiginack, Perpetual Care Trust and Monument Trust.

2. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Board amounting to \$106,454 (2018- \$102,962) have not been included in the Statement of Financial Position nor have their operations been included in the Statement of Current Fund Operations.

3. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement has not been presented because it would not provide any additional information which is not readily apparent in the financial statements



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Hilly Grove Cemetery Board

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Hilly Grove Cemetery Board – Trust Funds of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hilly Grove Cemetery Board – Trust Funds of the Corporation of the Township of Assiginack as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

FREELANDT CALDWELL REILLY LLP

Awknit Caldwell Bully LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Ontario July 8, 2020

HILLY GROVE CEMETERY BOARD TRUST FUNDS Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | Perpetual Care | Monuments \$ | 2019 \$ | 2018 \$ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Assets | 72 660 | * | 05 526 | · |
| Cash Due from Cemetery Board | 72,660 8,966 | 22,866 1,962 | 95,526 10,928 | 95,526 7,436 |
| Total Assets being Net Assets | 81,626 | 24,828 | 106,454 | 102,962 |

HILLY GROVE CEMETERY BOARD TRUST FUNDS

Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2019 with comparative figures for 2018

| | Perpetual Care | Monuments | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Net assets, beginning of year | 78,886 | 24,076 | 102,962 | 96,000 |
| Receipts | | | | |
| Sales | 1,500 | 400 | 1,900 | 5,500 |
| Interest earned | 1,240 | 352 | 1,592 | 1,462 |
| | 2,740 | 752 | 3,492 | 6,962 |
| Expenditures | - | - | - | - |
| Net assets, end of year | 81,626 | 24,828 | 106,454 | 102,962 |

TRUST FUNDS

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the **Hilly Grove Cemetery Board - Trust Funds** are the representation of management prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards. Since precise determination of assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximation. These have been made using careful judgement.

a) Basis of Accounting

i) Accrual Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes the revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of legal obligation to pay.

ii) Financial Instruments

The Trust Funds initially measure its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Trust Funds subsequently measure its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity securities that are quoted in an active market or financial assets or liabilities designated to the fair value category, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash.

2. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

A cash flow statement has not been presented because it would not provide any additional information which is not readily apparent in the financial statements.